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Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188

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1. REPORT DATE (DD-MM-YYYY)	2. REPORT TYPE	3. DATES COVERED (From - To)
03-12-2004	Technical Paper (View Graph)	
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE	5a. CONTRACT NUMBER	
		F04611-99-C-0025
Reactivity Ratios of Isobutyl POSS-S	5b. GRANT NUMBER	
		5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER
6. AUTHOR(S)	5d. PROJECT NUMBER	
	2303	
Brian Moore, Timothy Haddad, Rene	5e. TASK NUMBER	
	M1A3	
		5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME	8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER	
ERC Incorporated		
555 Sparkman Drive		
Huntsville, AL 35816-0000	•	
9. SPONSORING / MONITORING AGENC	Y NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)	10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S)
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Air Force Research Laboratory (AFM)		
AFRL/PRSB	11. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S	
4 Draco Drive		NUMBER(S)
Edwards AFB CA 93524-7160		AFRL-PR-ED-VG-2004-067

12. DISTRIBUTION / AVAILABILITY STATEMENT

Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.

13. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES American Chemical Society

Anaheim. CA. 1 April 2004 14. ABSTRACT

20040503 187

15. SUBJECT TERMS

16. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF:		17. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT	18. NUMBER OF PAGES	19a. NAME OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON Linda Talon	
a. REPORT	b. ABSTRACT	c. THIS PAGE	A	16	19b. TELEPHONE NUMBER (include area code)
Unclassified	Unclassified	Unclassified			(661) 275-5865

Standard Form 298 (Rev. 8-98) Prescribed by ANSI Std. 239.18



Reactivity Ratios of Isobutyl POSS-Styrene and Styrene Monomers

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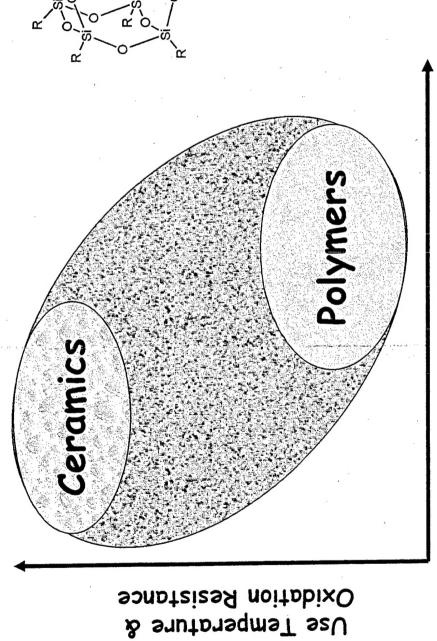
be caused by POSS nanoparticle units or aggregates of The microstructure that leads to these increases may these units to form larger POSS clusters.

copolymers, the POSS macromer and organic monomer To help define the microstructure of the addition reactivity ratios $(r_1$ and r_2) need to be known.

Alternating Copolymerization: $r_1 = r_2 = 0$ Block Copolymerization: $r_1 > 1$, $r_2 > 1$

Random Copolymerization: $r_1 r_2 = 1$

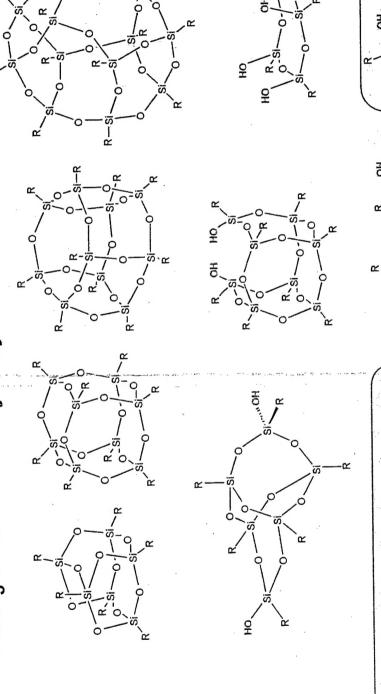
Hybrid Inorganic/Organic Polymers



Toughness, Lightweight & Ease of Processing Hybrid plastics bridge the differences between ceramics and polymers.

POSS Synthesis

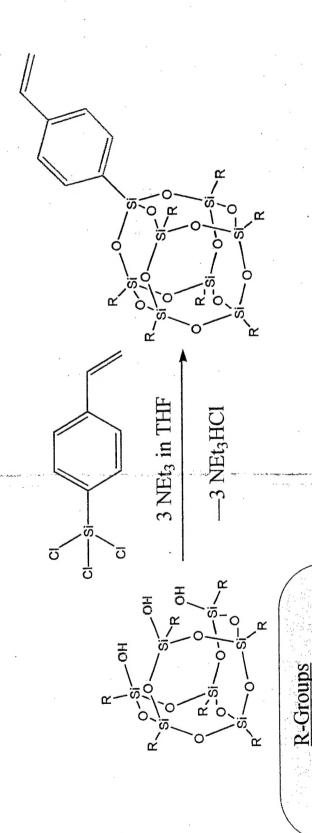
RSiX₃ acid or base hydrolysis —



Brown & Vogt: JACS, 1965, 4313 Feher et al: JACS, 1989, 1741; Organometallics, 1991, 2526; Chem Comm, 1999, 1705, 2309

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POSS-Styrene Monomer Synthesis



High-yield syntheses.

Phenyl derivative requires inverse addition.

phenyl

cyclohexyl

J. Inorg. Organomet. Polym., Vol 11, 2002, p. 155.

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isobutyl

cyclopentyl

POSS-Styrene Copolymer Synthesis

- Solution polymerization in toluene or bulk polymerization possible.
- Polymerization is limited by solubility of the POSS-macromer
- Isobutyl-POSS is the most soluble, Phenyl-POSS the least soluble.
- Macromolecules Vol. 29, 1996 p. 7302.

Reactivity Ratios for Styrene / POSS-Styrene

M₁: Styrene Monomer

M2: POSS-Styrene Monomer

M1*: growing polymer M1-radical

M₂*: growing polymer M₂-radical

 $r_1 = \frac{k_{11}}{k_{12}}$ $r_2 = \frac{k_{21}}{k_{21}}$

 r_1 : reactivity ratio for Styrene r_2 : reactivity ratio for POSS-Styrene

The composition of a copolymer cannot be determined by the homopolymerization rates of the two monomers.

copolymerization to be dependent on the monomer at the growing end. Assume the chemical reactivity of the propagating chain in a

Reactivity Ratios for Styrene / POSS-Styrene

$$\begin{bmatrix} r_1 = \frac{k_{11}}{k_{12}} \\ \\ r_2 = \frac{k_{22}}{k_{21}} \end{bmatrix}$$

Alternating Copolymerization: $r_1 = r_2 = 0$ Block Copolymerization: $r_1 > 1$, $r_2 > 1$

Random Copolymerization: $r_1 r_2 = 1$

Reactivity Ratios calculated using the copolymer composition equation: $(r_1f_1f_1 + 2f_1f_2 + r_2f_2f_2)$ $F_1 = (r_1 f_1 f_1 + f_1 f_2)$

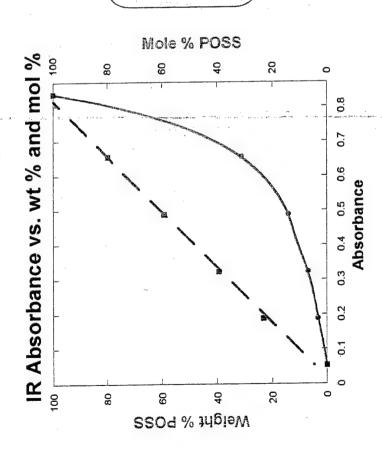
mole fraction of styrene monomer in feed f_2 = mole fraction of POSS monomer in feed F_1 = mole fraction of styrene in copolymer f_1 = mole fraction of styrene monomer in r₂ = reactivity ratio for POSS-styrene r₁ = reactivity ratio for styrene

Reactivity Ratios: Challenges

- Polymerizations must be carried out to only 3-5% completion. -Reactions were run for 3 hours and monitored by 1H NMR.
- -Achieved with precipitation of copolymer using Chloroform/MeOH The small amount of polymer formed (a solid) must be separated from unreacted POSS-monomer (also a solid).
 - -Achieved best with isoButyIPOSS as it has favorable solubility. Carry out a full (10-90) range of mole % POSS reactions while maintaining the same concentration of monomers and initiator.
- Accurately determine the amount of POSS in each copolymer. -NMR integration is more accurate than IR analysis over the full mole % range.

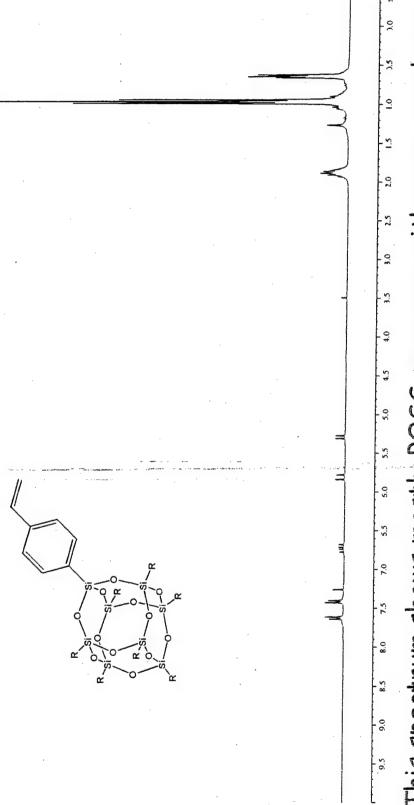
Compositional Analysis with FTIR

However, because a POSS is a such a large macromer, there is NOT there is a linear response between weight % POSS and absorbance. FTIR can be used to determine weight % POSS in a copolymer as a linear response using mole % POSS (see graph below).



Note that IR analysis is an excellent method for determining mole % POSS in the low to 25 mole % POSS range

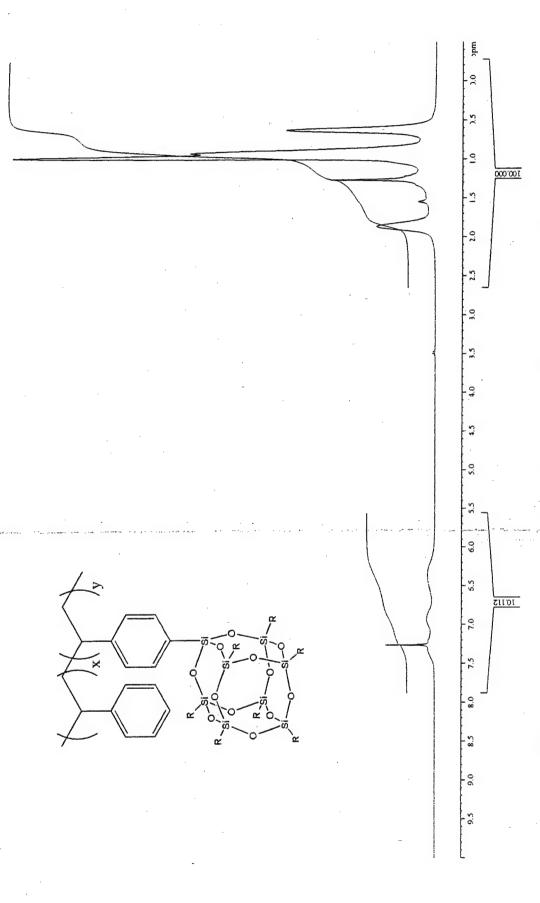
¹H NMR Spectrum of Crude Reaction Solids



This spectrum shows mostly POSS-monomer with some copolymer.

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¹H NMR Spectrum of Isolated Copolymer



This spectrum shows monomer-free copolymer.

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Copolymer Composition

Composition determined from 2 equations and 2 unknowns using 1H NMR

x = mole fraction POSS-styreney = mole fraction styrene

x + y = 1

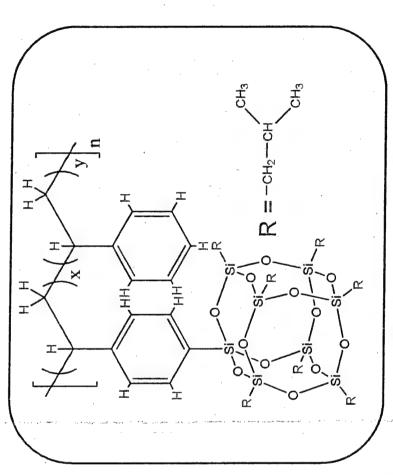
Integral Ratio (IR) = Aromatic Integral 4x + 5y

Aliphatic Integral = 66x + 3y

(2)

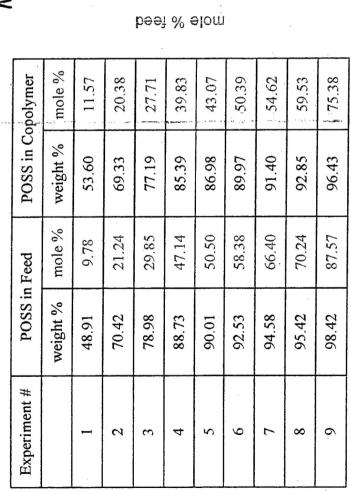
Solving for x:

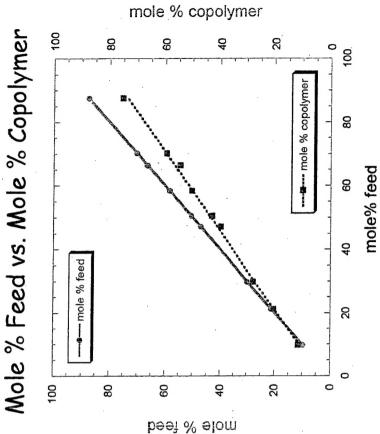
$$x = \frac{5-3IR}{63IR + 1}$$



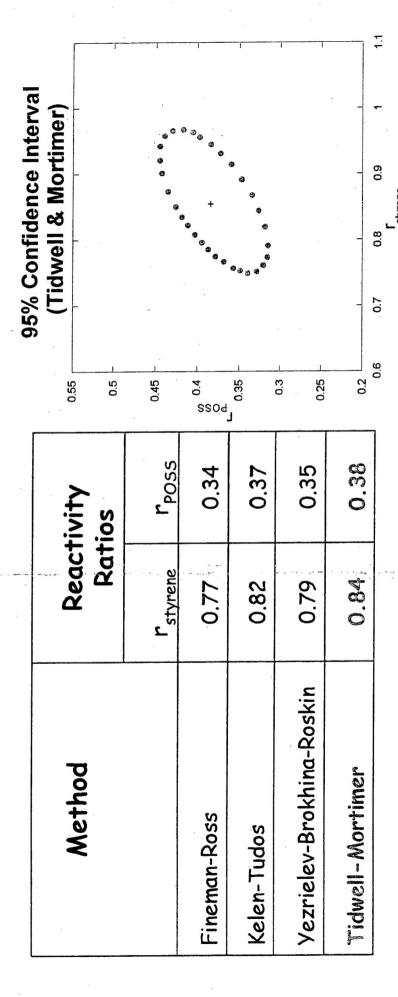
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Experimental Data





Determination of Reactivity Ratios



Tidwell-Mortimer is a nonlinear least squares method.

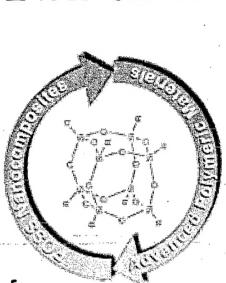
Calculations and Confidence Interval were obtained using a program supplied in the book "Copolymerization Toward a Systematic Approach" by Cornel Hagiopol.

- rstyrene = 0.84 and rposs = 0.38, therefore a copolymer sequence should be close to random.
- analysis is accurate up to approximately 25 mole % POSS and not FTIR spectroscopy because copolymerizations Copolymer compositions are best analyzed using NMR are done over a full 10 to 90 mole % POSS. FTIR incorporation.
- Q and e values (polarity and reactivity) for i-butyl POSS styrene will be determined after reactivity ratios with methacrylate and acrylonitrile are completed.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT\$

The Polymer Working Group at Edwards Air Force Base is:

Maj Constance Schlaefer Mr. Patrick Ruth Dr. Sandra Tomczak 2Lt Amy Palecek Mr. Brian Moore Mrs. Sherly Largo Dr. Darrell Marchant



Dr. Shawn Phillips 2Lt Will Cooper Dr. Rusty Blanski Mr. Scott Barker Dr. Joseph Mabry 2Lt Laura Moody Dr. Timothy Haddad

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